AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

1. (Currently Amended) An equipment diagnosis device comprising:

<u>an</u> instrument <u>means unit</u> for measuring a plurality of instrumentation amounts for the equipment sucking and discharging a fluid;

an arithmetic means unit for performing the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the plurality of instrumentation amounts that are measured; and

<u>a</u> normal state quantity storage means <u>unit</u> for storing the state quantities including at least the correlation between said <u>the</u> plurality of instrumentation amounts as the state quantities in the normal condition of said <u>the</u> equipment, the state quantities being arithmetic values such as a mean value obtained from the instrumentation amounts measured when the operation is judged to be normal;

characterized in that wherein the state quantities of the abnormal condition are obtained by making the arithmetic operation from the state quantities of the normal condition stored in said the normal state quantity storage means unit.

(Currently Amended) An equipment diagnosis device comprising:
 <u>an</u> instrument means <u>unit</u> for measuring a plurality of instrumentation amounts
 for the equipment sucking and discharging a fluid;

an arithmetic means unit for performing the arithmetic operation on the

correlation between the plurality of instrumentation amounts that are measured;

<u>a</u> normal state quantity storage <u>means unit</u> for storing the state quantities including at least the operated correlation between <u>said the</u> plurality of instrumentation amounts as the state quantities in the normal condition of <u>said the</u> equipment, the state quantities being arithmetic values such as a mean value obtained from the instrumentation amounts measured when the operation is judged to be normal;

an abnormal state quantity storage means unit for presetting a threshold to judge the state quantities in the abnormal condition; and

<u>a</u> judgement means <u>unit</u> for judging at which the current state quantities are among at least threes or more stages, including a normal stage, an abnormal stage and an intermediate stage between the normal or abnormal stages by comparing the current state quantities including at least the state quantity in which said <u>the</u> arithmetic means <u>unit</u> makes the arithmetic operation on the correlation between said <u>the</u> plurality of instrumentation amounts for said <u>the</u> fluid as the variables during the current operation of said <u>the</u> equipment and the state quantities of the normal state stored in <u>said the</u> normal state quantity storage means <u>unit</u> or <u>said the</u> threshold.

(Currently Amended) An equipment diagnosis device comprising:
 an instrument means unit for measuring a plurality of instrumentation amounts
 for the equipment sucking and discharging the fluid;

an arithmetic means unit for performing the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the plurality of instrumentation amounts that are measured;

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a state quantity storage means unit for storing the state quantities including at least the operated correlation between said the plurality of instrumentation amounts as the state quantities in the normal condition of said the equipment, the state quantities being arithmetic values such as a mean value obtained from the instrumentation amounts measured when the operation is judged to be normal, or storing the state quantities including at least the correlation between the plurality of instrumentation amounts operated by said the arithmetic means unit from the plurality of instrumentation amounts measured when said the equipment is judged as the abnormal condition or set to achieve the abnormal condition as the state quantities in the abnormal condition of said the equipment; and

<u>a</u> judgement means <u>unit</u> for inferring the extent or cause of abnormality if it is judged that the current operating condition is not the normal state by comparing the current state quantities including at least the state quantity in which said <u>the</u> arithmetic means <u>unit</u> makes the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the plurality of instrumentation amounts for said <u>the</u> fluid as the variables during the current operation of said <u>the</u> equipment and at least one of the state quantities of the normal state and the state quantities of the abnormal state which are stored in said <u>the</u> state quantity storage means <u>unit</u>.

4. (Currently Amended) The equipment diagnosis device according to claim 1, 2 or 3, characterized by further comprising comparison means unit for comparing the distances between the current state quantities in the current operating condition including at least the state quantity obtained by arithmetic operation on the correlation between said the plurality of instrumentation amounts as a plurality of

variables with the state quantities of said the normal condition or abnormal condition that are stored, wherein the degree of abnormality in the operating condition is judged from a change in the distance from the state quantities of said the normal state or the state quantities of said the abnormal state, while said the comparison means unit repeats the comparison in the operating condition.

- 5. (Currently Amended) The equipment diagnosis device according to any one of claims 1 to 4, characterized in that claim 1, wherein the state quantities of said the current operating condition or the state quantities of said the abnormal condition provide a plurality of different aggregates having different instrumentation amounts or variables.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The equipment diagnosis device according to any one of claims 1 to 5, characterized in that claim 1, wherein the degree of abnormality of the state quantities in the current operation can be displayed by classifying the distances between the state quantities of said the normal state and the state quantities of said the abnormal state.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The equipment diagnosis device according to any one of claims 1 to 6, characterized in that claim 1, wherein a range for setting the normal operating condition or a threshold for judging the abnormal state is acquired by having the instrumentation amounts that are measured or the arithmetic values such as a mean value obtained from said the instrumentation amounts, converting compulsorily at least one of said the measurement amounts or said the

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arithmetic values into another value, and making the arithmetic operation on the composite variables including the value after conversion.

- 8. (Currently Amended) The equipment diagnosis device according to any one of claims 1 to 7, characterized in that said claim 1, wherein the judgement means unit judges whether the operating condition of the fluid equipment such as a compressor, a pump or an air blower that treats a combustible fluid or a fluid harmful to the human body, or a driving apparatus of said the fluid equipment, is normal or abnormal.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The equipment diagnosis device according to any one of claims 1 to 8, characterized in that said claim 1, wherein the equipment is the fluid equipment for circulating the fluid, and said the judgement means unit discriminate a change in the physical quantities of the fluid indicating a nonconformity situation occurring when said the fluid leaks from said the equipment or the apparatus connected to said the equipment, or sucked in a liquid state into said the equipment, said the equipment is deteriorated, a flow passage for circulating said the fluid is clogged, bent or broken at any position, said the fluid is deteriorated, or the operation of another constitutional apparatus connected to said the flow passage of the fluid for said the equipment is out of order, or judging that any abnormality thereof is included.
- 10. (Currently Amended) The equipment diagnosis device according to any one of claims 1 to 9, characterized in that claim 1, wherein the instrumentation

amounts measured during the operation of said the equipment are the physical quantities of the fluid, the quantities of electricity for driving said the equipment driving means unit, or the quantities of electricity occurring from said the equipment during the operation of said the equipment, in which the quantities of electricity occurring during the operation of said the equipment include an electromagnetic force, an electric wave, a leakage current and a shaft voltage.

- any one of claims 1 to 10, characterized in that said claim 1, wherein the judgement means unit judges whether or not said the equipment is in the normal operating condition based on whether or not the state quantities in the current operating condition lie within a range of threshold indicating the normality or out of a range of threshold indicating the state quantities of the abnormal condition, and infers a failure time of said the equipment from the relationship between the state quantities of the current operating condition and the threshold.
- 12. (Currently Amended) A refrigerating cycle apparatus characterized by comprising:

a refrigerating cycle formed by connecting a compressor, a condenser, expansion means unit and an evaporator via a pipeline, and flowing a refrigerant through the inside thereof;

<u>a</u> high pressure side measurement means <u>unit</u> that is high pressure measurement means <u>unit</u> for measuring the high pressure of a refrigerant pressure at any position on a flow passage leading from the discharge side of said <u>the</u>

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compressor to said the expansion means unit or condensation temperature measurement means unit for measuring the saturation temperature at said the high pressure;

<u>a</u> low pressure side measurement <u>means unit</u> that is low pressure measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the low pressure that is the pressure of refrigerant at any position on the flow passage leading from <u>said the</u> expansion <u>means unit</u> to the suction side of <u>said the</u> compressor or evaporation temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the saturation temperature at <u>said the</u> low pressure;

<u>a</u> refrigerant temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> that is liquid temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from <u>said the</u> condenser to <u>said the</u> expansion <u>means unit</u>, discharge temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from <u>said the</u> compressor to <u>said the</u> condenser, or suction temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from <u>said the</u> evaporator to <u>said the</u> compressor;

an arithmetic means unit for performing the arithmetic operation on the composite variables from the measured values of said the high pressure side measurement means unit, said the low pressure side measurement means unit and said the refrigerant temperature measurement said the; and

<u>a</u> judgement means <u>unit</u> for judging the abnormality of the refrigerating cycle based on the comparison result by comparing the values stored in the past and the

current measured values or arithmetic values, as well as storing each of said the measured values or said the arithmetic values.

13. (Currently Amended) A refrigerating cycle apparatus characterized by comprising:

a refrigerating cycle formed by connecting a compressor, a condenser, expansion means unit and an evaporator via a pipeline and flowing a refrigerant through the inside thereof;

<u>a</u> normal state quantity storage <u>means unit</u> for storing, as the state quantities of a normal operating condition, the state quantities including at least the state quantity obtained by making the arithmetic operation on the correlation between a plurality of measured values as a plurality of variables when <u>said the</u> refrigerating cycle is normally operating;

an abnormal state quantity storage means unit for storing, as the state quantities of an abnormal operating condition, the state quantities including at least the state quantity obtained by making the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the plurality of measured values as the plurality of variables when there is an abnormality in said the refrigerating cycle;

<u>a</u> comparison means <u>unit</u> for comparing the distances between the current operating state quantities including at least the state quantity obtained by making the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the plurality of measured values in the current operating condition of said <u>the</u> refrigerating cycle as the plurality of variables and the plurality of state quantities stored in <u>said the</u> normal state quantity

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storage means unit or the plurality of state quantities stored in said the abnormal state quantity means unit; and

<u>a</u> judgement means <u>unit</u> for judging a degree of normality, an <u>a</u> degree of abnormality or a cause of abnormality of said <u>the</u> refrigerating cycle from the distances compared by said <u>the</u> comparison means <u>unit</u> or a change in the distance.

- 14. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle apparatus according to claim 12 or 13, characterized in that said wherein the judgement means unit for judging the operating condition of said the refrigerating cycle discriminates a refrigerant leakage from said the refrigerating cycle, a refrigerant liquid back-flow to said the compressor, a deterioration due to the lifetime of said the compressor, a blemish or rupture on the surface of heat exchange for said the condenser or said the evaporator, a deterioration or failure of a blower unit of said the condenser or said the evaporator, clogging of a strainer for removing the contaminant inside the pipeline through which said the refrigerant is circulated, clogging of a dryer for preventing the humidity of refrigerant, a bend, rupture or clogging of said the pipeline, or a deterioration of a refrigerator oil useful for said the compressor, or discriminates whether or not any of said the abnormalities is involved.
- 15. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle apparatus according to any one of claims 12 to 14, characterized by claim 12, further comprising learning means unit having at least one state quantity of a numerical value representing the correlation of making the arithmetic operation on said the plurality of measured values, the plurality of arithmetic values from said the measured values, or said the

plurality of measured values or arithmetic values as the plurality of variables, and learning at least the numerical value representing the correlation calculated as said the plurality of variables in learning the state quantities of the state where said the refrigerating cycle is normally operating.

- 16. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle apparatus according to any one of claims 12 to 15, characterized in that said claim 12, wherein the judgement means unit for judging the operating condition of said the refrigerating cycle acquires a threshold for distinguishing between the normal operating condition and the abnormal operating condition by having said the measured values or the arithmetic values such as a mean value obtained by the arithmetic operation on said the measured values, compulsorily converting at least one of said the measured values or said the arithmetic values into another value, and making the arithmetic operation on a plurality of variables including the value after conversion.
- any one of claims 12 to 16, characterized in that claim 12, wherein the state quantities of the abnormal operation used by said the judgement means unit for judging the operating condition of said the refrigerating cycle are obtained by compulsorily converting any one of said the measured values or said the arithmetic values obtained by making the arithmetic operation on said the measured values into another value, said the values converted into said the another value including the measured value by refrigerant temperature measurement means unit that is liquid temperature measurement means unit for measuring the temperature at any position

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on the flow passage leading from said the condenser to said the expansion means unit, discharge temperature measurement means unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from said the compressor to said the condenser, or suction temperature measurement means unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from said the evaporator to said the compressor, or the arithmetic value obtained by making the arithmetic operation on the measured value.

- 18. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle apparatus according to any one of claims 12 to 17, characterized by claim 12, wherein judging the degree of abnormality of said the refrigerating cycle from the value obtained by making the arithmetic operation on an aggregate in which said the plurality of variables are combined and associated with each other, and calculating the arithmetic operation result, and predicting a critical time at which said the refrigerating cycle can not continue a stable operation.
- 19. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle apparatus according to any one of claims 12 to 18, characterized in that claim 12, wherein in comparing the distances between the current operating state quantities including at least the state quantity of correlation of making the arithmetic operation on the plurality of measured values from the current operating condition of said the refrigerating cycle as the plurality of variables, and the plurality of normal state quantities stored or the plurality of abnormal state quantities stored, a comparison is made between a refrigerant leakage amount that is the operated state quantity in the current operation or its

equivalent arithmetic value and a preset refrigerant amount within said the refrigerating cycle, a permissible refrigerant leakage amount or its equivalent state quantity, to predict the time to lead to a critical refrigerant amount capable of keeping the cooling power of said the refrigerating cycle from the comparison result.

20. (Currently Amended) A refrigerating cycle apparatus characterized by comprising:

a refrigerating cycle formed by connecting a compressor, a condenser, expansion means unit and an evaporator via a pipeline and flowing a refrigerant through the inside thereof;

<u>a</u> high pressure side measurement <u>means unit</u> that is high pressure measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the high pressure of a refrigerant pressure at any position on a flow passage leading from the discharge side of <u>said the</u> compressor to <u>said the</u> expansion <u>means unit</u> or condensation temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the saturation temperature at <u>said the</u> high pressure;

<u>a</u> low pressure side measurement <u>means unit</u> that is low pressure measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the low pressure that is a pressure of refrigerant at any position on the flow passage leading from <u>said the</u> expansion <u>means unit</u> to the suction side of <u>said the</u> compressor or evaporation temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the saturation temperature at <u>said the</u> low pressure;

<u>a</u> refrigerant temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> that is liquid temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow

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passage leading from said the condenser to said the expansion means unit, discharge temperature measurement means unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from said the compressor to said the condenser, or suction temperature measurement means unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from said the evaporator to said the compressor;

<u>a</u> judgement means <u>unit</u> for judging the abnormality of the refrigerating cycle including a refrigerant leakage by storing the measured values of said <u>the</u> each measurement means <u>unit</u> or the arithmetic values calculated from said <u>the</u> measured values, and comparing the stored values and the current measured values or arithmetic values; and

<u>an</u> output means <u>unit</u> for outputting the refrigerant leakage information in preference to other abnormalities of the refrigerating cycle, when the refrigerant leakage is judged.

21. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle apparatus according to claim 20, characterized by further comprising arithmetic means unit for performing the arithmetic operation on an aggregate in which a plurality of parameters obtained from three or more measured values measured by said the each measurement means unit are combined as the plurality of variables and associated with each other to calculate the arithmetic value, normal state quantity storage means unit for storing said the measured values or the arithmetic values when said the refrigerating cycle is normally operating, comparison means unit for comparing the distances between said the arithmetic value obtained from said the measured values in the current

operating condition of said the refrigerating cycle and the arithmetic value stored in said the normal state quantity storage means unit or the arithmetic value obtained by making the arithmetic operation on said the stored measured values, and judgement means unit for judging the degree of normality, the degree of abnormality or the cause of abnormality for said the refrigerating cycle from the distances or a change in the distances compared by said the comparison means unit.

- 22. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle apparatus according to claim 20 or 21, characterized by further comprising output means unit for outputting the extent of abnormality of the refrigerant leakage in said the refrigerating cycle as an electric signal or communicating it as a communication code with the outside, in which a plurality of thresholds are set halfway in the distance between said the arithmetic values at the normal operating time and the abnormal operating time, and the refrigerant amount or refrigerant leakage amount within said the refrigerating cycle, or its equivalent arithmetic value, is set according to said the plurality of thresholds.
- 23. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle apparatus according to any one of claims 12 to 22, characterized in that claim 12, wherein the arithmetic value from said the measured values, the numerical value representing the correlation as the plurality of variables, the value obtained by making the arithmetic operation on an aggregate in which said the plurality of variables are combined and associated with each other and calculating the arithmetic operation result, or said the

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distance is the Mahalanobis distance or the numerical value calculated from said the Mahalanobis distance.

24. (Currently Amended) A fluid circuit diagnosis method characterized by including comprising:

a measurement step of measuring a plurality of measurement amounts from the physical quantities of a fluid flowing through a circuit in the equipment sucking and discharging the fluid;

an arithmetic operation step of making the arithmetic operation on an aggregate in which a plurality of parameters obtained from said the measured data are combined as a plurality of variables and associated with each other to calculate the arithmetic operation result; and

judgement step of judging whether or not said the fluid is in the normal operating condition by comparing said the arithmetic operation result with a set threshold.

25. (Currently Amended) The fluid circuit diagnosis method according to claim 24, characterized by further including a normal state storage step of storing the arithmetic operation result of said the arithmetic means unit in a state where said the fluid is normally running as a normal operating condition, an abnormal state storage step of storing the arithmetic operation result of said the arithmetic means unit in a state where said the fluid is abnormally running as an abnormal operating condition, and a step of setting a threshold halfway in the distance between said the normal state and said the abnormal state that are stored.

26. (Currently Amended) A fluid circuit diagnosis method characterized by including:

a measurement step of measuring a plurality of measurement amounts from the physical quantities of a fluid in the equipment sucking and discharging the fluid that circulates through a fluid circuit;

an arithmetic operation step of making the arithmetic operation on an aggregate in which a plurality of parameters obtained from said the measurement amounts that are measured are combined as a plurality of variables and associated with each other to calculate the arithmetic operation result; and

a failure preview step of presuming the time elapsed before the fluid within said the fluid circuit becomes abnormal from at least one of the arithmetic operation result at the normal operating time and the arithmetic operation result at the abnormal operating time, said the arithmetic operation results being stored, and the operating time elapsed.

27. (Currently Amended) The fluid circuit diagnosis method according to any one of claims 24 to 26, characterized by claim 24, further including a normal state storage step of storing the arithmetic operation result of said the arithmetic means unit in a state where said the fluid is normally running as a normal operating condition, an abnormal state storage step of storing the arithmetic operation result of said the arithmetic means unit in a state where said the fluid is abnormally running as an abnormal operating condition, and a failure preview step of presuming the time elapsed before a leakage of the fluid out of said the fluid circuit reaches a preset

critical value based on a change in the distance between the current arithmetic operation result of making the arithmetic operation on the plurality of variables at present obtained from the measurement values and at least one of the arithmetic operation result in the normal operating condition and the arithmetic operation result in the abnormal operating condition, said the arithmetic operation results being stored.

- 28. (Currently Amended) The fluid circuit diagnosis method according to claim 27, characterized in that said wherein the failure preview step includes making the estimation at an interval, in which the arithmetic operation result at the normal operating time as the reference or the data stored as the plurality of variables is plural data learned at every elapsed time.
- 29. (Currently Amended) A fluid circuit diagnosis method characterized by including:

a measurement step of measuring a plurality of measurement amounts from the physical quantities of a fluid in the equipment sucking and discharging the fluid that circulates through a fluid circuit;

an arithmetic operation step of making the arithmetic operation on an aggregate in which a plurality of parameters obtained from said the measurement amounts that are measured are combined as a plurality of variables and associated with each other to calculate the arithmetic operation result; and

a failure preview step of presuming the time elapsed before the fluid within said the fluid circuit becomes abnormal from at least one of the arithmetic operation

result at the normal operating time and the arithmetic operation result at the abnormal operating time, said the arithmetic operation results being stored, and the operating time elapsed.

30. (Currently Amended) A fluid circuit diagnosis method characterized by including:

a step of reading the arithmetic operation result of making the arithmetic operation on an aggregate in which a plurality of measurement amounts that the physical quantities of a fluid the equipment sucking and discharging the fluid that circulates through a fluid circuit are measured and stored by a plurality of measurement means unit or a plurality of parameters obtained from said the measurement amounts are combined as a plurality of variables and associated with each other from storage means unit connected to said the fluid circuit for which a maintenance order from the maintenance order owner is accepted;

a step of judging whether or not the arithmetic operation result of making the arithmetic operation on the aggregate in which a plurality of parameters obtained from said the read arithmetic operation results or said the measurement amounts are combined as a plurality of variables and associated with each other lies within a preset range; and

a step of communicating the judgement results to the maintenance order owner;

wherein said the judgement results include a plurality of proposals regarding the maintenance contents and the time.

31. (Currently Amended) An equipment monitoring system for monitoring the operating condition of the equipment operated by the <u>an</u> equipment diagnosis device according to any one of claims 1 to 11, characterized in that , wherein

at least one of the instrumentation amounts measured by said the equipment diagnosis device, the operated amounts obtained by arithmetic operation, and the judgement result as to whether or not said the equipment is in the normal operating condition by comparing said the arithmetic values within a set threshold is transmitted via a communication line or the radio communication to a remote monitoring apparatus for monitoring the operating condition of the equipment.

the equipment diagnosis device comprising:

an instrument unit for measuring a plurality of instrumentation amounts for the equipment sucking and discharging a fluid;

an arithmetic unit for performing the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the plurality of instrumentation amounts that are measured; and

a normal state quantity storage unit for storing the state quantities including at least the correlation between the plurality of instrumentation amounts as the state quantities in the normal condition of the equipment, the state quantities being arithmetic values such as a mean value obtained from the instrumentation amounts measured when the operation is judged to be normal, and

the state quantities of the abnormal condition are obtained by making the arithmetic operation from the state quantities of the normal condition stored in the normal state quantity storage unit.

32. (Currently Amended) An equipment monitoring system characterized by comprising failure preview means unit for presuming the time taken until a failure of the equipment occurs based on the arithmetic operation result at the normal operating time, the current arithmetic operation result being obtained by making the arithmetic operation on a plurality of instrumentation amounts obtained from the current operating condition of said an equipment diagnosis device according to any one of claims 1 to 11, and the time elapsed since the arithmetic operation result is stored, wherein

the equipment diagnosis device comprising:

an instrument unit for measuring a plurality of instrumentation amounts for the equipment sucking and discharging a fluid;

an arithmetic unit for performing the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the plurality of instrumentation amounts that are measured; and

a normal state quantity storage unit for storing the state quantities including at least the correlation between the plurality of instrumentation amounts as the state quantities in the normal condition of the equipment, the state quantities being arithmetic values such as a mean value obtained from the instrumentation amounts measured when the operation is judged to be normal, and

the state quantities of the abnormal condition are obtained by making the arithmetic operation from the state quantities of the normal condition stored in the normal state quantity storage unit.

33. (Currently Amended) A refrigerating cycle monitoring system characterized by comprising a remote monitoring apparatus for monitoring the

operating condition of said <u>a</u> refrigerating cycle apparatus according to any one of claims 12 to 23, wherein

at least one of the measurement values measured by said the refrigerating cycle apparatus, the arithmetic values obtained by arithmetic operation, and the judgement result as to whether or not said the refrigerating cycle apparatus is in the normal operating condition by comparing said the arithmetic values are within a set threshold is transmitted via a communication line or the radio communication.

the refrigerating cycle apparatus comprising:

<u>a refrigerating cycle formed by connecting a compressor, a condenser,</u>

<u>expansion unit and an evaporator via a pipeline, and flowing a refrigerant through the</u>

inside thereof;

a high pressure side measurement unit that is high pressure measurement unit for measuring the high pressure of a refrigerant pressure at any position on a flow passage leading from the discharge side of the compressor to the expansion unit or condensation temperature measurement unit for measuring the saturation temperature at the high pressure;

a low pressure side measurement unit that is low pressure measurement unit

for measuring the low pressure that is the pressure of refrigerant at any position on

the flow passage leading from the expansion unit to the suction side of the

compressor or evaporation temperature measurement unit for measuring the

saturation temperature at the low pressure;

a refrigerant temperature measurement unit that is liquid temperature

measurement unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow

passage leading from the condenser to the expansion unit, discharge temperature

measurement unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow

passage leading from the compressor to the condenser, or suction temperature

measurement unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow

passage leading from the evaporator to the compressor;

an arithmetic unit for performing the arithmetic operation on the composite

variables from the measured values of the high pressure side measurement unit, the

low pressure side measurement unit and the refrigerant temperature measurement

unit; and

a judgement unit for judging the abnormality of the refrigerating cycle based on the comparison result by comparing the values stored in the past and the current measured values or arithmetic values, as well as storing each of the measured values or the arithmetic values.

34. (Currently Amended) A refrigerating cycle monitoring system characterized by comprising:

<u>a</u> high pressure side measurement <u>means unit</u> that is high pressure measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the high pressure of a refrigerant pressure at any position on a flow passage leading from the discharge side of a compressor to expansion <u>means unit</u> in a refrigerating cycle apparatus that constitutes a refrigerating cycle by connecting <u>said the</u> compressor, a condenser, <u>said the</u> expansion <u>means unit</u> and an evaporator via a pipeline and flowing a refrigerant through the inside thereof or condensation temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the saturation temperature at <u>said the</u> high pressure;

<u>a</u> low pressure side measurement <u>means unit</u> that is low pressure measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the low pressure that is a pressure of refrigerant at any position on the flow passage leading from <u>said the</u> expansion <u>means unit</u> to the suction side of <u>said the</u> compressor or evaporation temperature measurement <u>means unit</u> for measuring the saturation temperature at <u>said the</u> low pressure;

a refrigerant temperature measurement means unit that is liquid temperature measurement means unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from said the condenser to said the expansion means unit, discharge temperature measurement means unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from said the compressor to said the condenser, or suction temperature measurement means unit for measuring the temperature at any position on the flow passage leading from said the evaporator to said the compressor;

an arithmetic means unit for acquiring the composite variables from the measured values of said the high pressure side measurement means unit, said the low pressure side measurement means unit and said the refrigerant temperature measurement means unit;

<u>a</u> storage means <u>unit</u> for storing the measured value of said <u>the</u> each measurement means <u>unit</u> and the arithmetic values such as the composite variables by making the arithmetic operation on said <u>the</u> measured values;

<u>a</u> judgement means <u>unit</u> for judging the abnormality of <u>said</u> the refrigerating cycle based on the comparison result by comparing the values stored in the past by

said the storage means unit and the current measured values or arithmetic values; and

<u>a</u> transmission means <u>unit</u>, formed by wire or radio, for transmitting said <u>the</u> measured values or the arithmetic values or the judgement result of said <u>the</u> judgement means <u>unit</u> to a remote monitoring apparatus provided at a site away from said <u>the</u> refrigerating cycle apparatus.

35. (Currently Amended) A refrigerating cycle monitoring system characterized by comprising:

normal state storage means <u>unit</u> for storing the state quantities in the normal operating condition that are acquired or inferred by making the arithmetic operation on the correlation between a plurality of variables from the measurement results when a refrigerating cycle formed by connecting a compressor, a condenser, expansion means <u>unit</u> and an evaporator via a pipeline and flowing a refrigerant through the inside thereof is normally operating;

an abnormal state storage means unit for storing the state quantities in a plurality of abnormal states that are acquired by making the arithmetic operation on the correlation between a plurality of variables from the measurement results of the operation when there is an abnormality in the circulation of the refrigerant in said the refrigerating cycle, or storing a plurality of abnormal state quantities obtained by regenerating the plurality of abnormal states;

<u>a</u> comparison means <u>unit</u> for comparing the distances between the state quantities obtained from the current operating condition of said <u>the</u> refrigerating cycle and the state quantities stored in said <u>the</u> normal state storage means <u>unit</u> or the

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plurality of state quantities stored in said the abnormal state storage means unit; and

<u>a</u> judgement <u>means unit</u> for judging the degree of normality, the degree of abnormality or the cause of abnormality in <u>said the</u> refrigerating cycle from the distances compared by <u>said the</u> comparison <u>means unit</u> or a change in the distance;

wherein at least one of said the current state quantities, the distances compared by said the comparison means unit or the change in the distance, and the degree of normality, the degree of abnormality or the cause of abnormality for said the refrigerating cycle judged by said the judgement means unit is transmitted by transmission means unit formed by wire or radio.

- 36. (Currently Amended) A refrigerating cycle monitoring system according to claim 34 or 35, characterized in that wherein the information as to the presumed time taken until a failure of the equipment occurs based on the arithmetic values measured and calculated at the normal operating time and the operating time elapsed of the refrigerating cycle, the arithmetic values being measured and calculated in the current operating condition, is transmitted and displayed to a remote monitoring apparatus via said the transmission means unit.
- 37. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle monitoring system according to any one of claims 34 to 36, characterized by claim 34, further comprising normal state storage means unit for learning and storing the arithmetic operation result of said the arithmetic means unit as a normal operating state in a condition where said the refrigerating cycle is normally operating, abnormal state

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storage means unit for learning and storing the arithmetic operation result of said the arithmetic means unit as an abnormal operating state in a condition where said the refrigerating cycle is abnormally operating such as a refrigerant leakage, and a plurality of thresholds set halfway in the distance between arithmetic operation results of the normal state and the abnormal state that are stored, wherein the distance between the arithmetic operation result of the current operating condition and said the threshold or a temporal change in the distance is displayed in said the remote monitoring apparatus.

- 38. (Currently Amended) The refrigerating cycle monitoring system according to any one of claims 34 to 37, characterized by claim 34, further comprising output means unit for setting the refrigerant amount or refrigerant leakage amount within said the refrigerating cycle as the arithmetic value equivalent to each amount and outputting the abnormality of said the refrigerating cycle as an electric signal or communicating it as a communication code, wherein if a refrigerant leakage, if detected, is outputted to said the remote monitoring apparatus prior to other judgement results of said the judgement means unit.
- 39. (Currently Amended) A refrigerating cycle monitoring system comprising:

normal state storage means unit for storing the arithmetic operation result of making the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the physical quantities of a refrigerant in a condition where the refrigerant flowing through a refrigerating cycle is normal, as a normal operating state, abnormal state storage means unit for storing

the arithmetic operation result of making the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the physical quantities of the refrigerant in an abnormal condition where said the refrigerant leaks out of said the refrigerating cycle, and refrigerant leakage foreseeing means unit for foreseeing the time when said the refrigerant leaks out of said the refrigerating cycle by comparing the distances between the arithmetic operation result of making the arithmetic operation on the correlation between the physical quantities of the refrigerant in the current operating condition and at least one of the normal operating condition and the abnormal operating condition that are stored, wherein the foreseen result of said the refrigerant leakage foreseeing means unit is transmitted to a remote monitoring apparatus.